

BC BigTree Field Package

June 4, 2019

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How to get a tree into the Registry

The two ways to get a big tree into the BC BigTree Registry

OPTION 1.		•	Find and photograph a big tree
Measure the tree yourself	Stop borow	•	Measure the tree and collect information
	Stop nere»	step s.	Nominate the tree
	Done by us	Step 4.	Verify the measurements and information
		Step 5.	BC BigTree Registry - review and display
OPTION 2.			Find and photograph a big tree
Bring a qualified verifier with	you	Step 2.	Verify measurements and collect information
	Stop here»	Step 3.	Nominate the tree
	Done by us	Step 4.	BC BigTree Registry - review and display

Tree nomination

Nominators

Nominators must provide a valid email address and first and last names. All personal contact information is kept confidential. You can elect to remain anonymous (i.e. your name will not be publicly display in the Registry) on a tree by tree basis.

Group nominations

If you would like to nominate a tree as a group of individuals (e.g. school group or club), use the email address of the primary contact person. The first and last name fields are mandatory so you need to use both of them when entering a group name. For example, first name: Grade 4, last name: Gabriola Elementary School. If you have nothing to add to the first name field, use the initials of the group. For example, first name: FOS, last name: Friends of Stoltmann.

Nomination form information

To guide you through the nomination process we have described the categories and types of information collected on the nomination form. Required information fields are marked with an *. Confidential information (field shaded in grey on the form) will not be publicly displayed. The printable field nomination form on pages 12 to 14 can be used to help you keep track of the information while in the field.

1. Tree information

Species name *

To nominate a tree you need to know the common name of the tree. See the list of trees accepted in to the Registry and the "Links" page for a list of tree identification resources.

Co-nominators and anonymous nominations

Up to 3 co-nominators can be identified. On the nomination form you will be asked if the nominator(s) wish to remain anonymous. If selected, the nominator name(s) will not be publicly displayed in the Registry in association with the tree.

Nickname

You can enter the nickname or local name of the tree.

2. Location information

Precise location information is extremely valuable for re-locating a tree for measurement and verification purposes. It also allows other interested individuals to find and admire the tree. If a tree is located in a sensitive area, on private land or a site with access restrictions, the exact location can be withheld. This means the latitude and longitude co-ordinates will not be displayed in the Registry and the tree will not appear on the location map (Google Maps). The need to withhold exact location information can be indicated in the tree ownership section of the Nomination Form.

Latitude and longitude co-ordinates*

Latitude and longitude co-ordinates are stored in the Registry in decimal degrees. A GPS unit can be set to display decimal degrees, or an on-line conversion tool can be used. For example, The Engineering Toolbox site provides a latitude and longitude utility to convert from degrees, minutes, and seconds to decimal degrees. The Engineering Toolbox site also provides a UTM to latitude and longitude conversion utility (make note of the UTM zone as it is needed for the conversion).

Datum

A datum is a set of reference points on the Earth's surface used to define a horizontal coordinate system such as latitude and longitude, or a vertical system such as elevation/sea depth. Depending on the datum used (NAD27, WGS84, NAD 83), the coordinates for a specific point on the earth can vary significantly. Check the settings on your GPS unit to see what datum is being used. Paper maps and charts will also indicate the datum used.

Location and nearest town

Location can be the local name of a nearby area (e.g. a picnic or rest-stop), man-made feature (e.g. airport or dam), or geographic feature (e.g. a lake, river, valley or mountain); whereas nearest town is the official name of the nearest town, village or city.

3. Ownership information

Ownership categories and details

Ownership is broken down into several ownership categories presented in a dropdown menu list. Enter any additional information in "Ownership details". The categories, with some examples of details, are described below.

Federal land - The tree is located on federally owned land.

Details: Canadian Forces Base Esquimalt

Provincial land - The tree is on crown or provincial land.

Tree Farm Licence - The tree is located on land with a Tree Farm Licence.

Details: Tree Farm Licence #

Woodlot License - The tree is located on land with a Woodlot Licence.

Details: Woodlot Licence #

Parks and Reserves - The tree is located in a park (National, Provincial, Regional, District, City, Ecological Reserve,

Reserve, Preserve, Heritage Site etc.).

National Park - e.g. "Kootenay NP"

Provincial Park - e.g. "Cathedral PP"

Regional Park - e.g. "Belcarra RP"

Ecological Reserve - e.g. "Chilliwack River ER"

Heritage Park - e.g. "Stein Valley Nlaka'pamux HP"

Reserve - e.g. "McGillivray Creek Game Reserve"

Preserve - e.g. "Cowichan Garry Oak Preserve"

Recreational Site - e.g. "Pine Point Rec Site"

Municipal/city land - The tree is located on municipal or city land that is not designated as a park. For example, it is on city land along a boulevard or roadway. Describe the location in your access notes.

Watersheds - The tree is located in a designated watershed.

Details: Capilano Watershed

Private land - The tree is located on land owned by a private citizen. For example, the tree is located on someone's farm, acreage, backyard, etc.

Institution or corporation - The tree is located on land owned, occupied or leased by a large company, institution, or corporation.

Details: UBC Vancouver campus

First Nations Reserve - The tree is located on First Nations Land or a First Nation Reserve.

Details: Penticton IR

Other – The tree or landowner does not fit in any of the above categories.

Unknown - The tree or landowner information is unknown.

Ownership notes

Use the notes section if you are not sure which category to pick or have some other ownership related information you would like us to know.

Owner contact information

Any personal or contact information for land owners or land managers, administrators, or license or tenure holders is kept confidential.

Access restrictions and request to withhold exact locations

Landowners can request that we withhold the exact location of the tree. In this case that latitude and longitude coordinates will not be publicly displayed. Landowners can also indicate that public access to the tree is restricted. In this case, the tree access notes you provide us will not be publicly displayed.

4. Tree measurements

All measurements must be made following the measurements guidelines outlined in this field package. Measurements should be entered in metric units (convert imperial to metric). Record the date of measurement and note the height at which the circumference was measured. In the Measurement Notes field, provide a description of the techniques/equipment used or any measurement difficulties encountered. These notes will not be publicly displayed in the Registry.

The only required measurement on the nomination form is tree circumference as it is the easiest to measure. If you take the measurements yourself, the nomination will be accepted but the tree will not be publicly displayed in the Registry until the measurements have been verified. This means the tree will have to be re-visited at a later date by a registered verifier.

Alternatively, you can arrange to have a qualified individual or professional come with you to verify the tree measurements and information. If you choose this option, provide the verifier with a copy of the entire field package beforehand. If you have difficulties obtaining or determining location or ownership information, or writing your tree or access notes, try asking your verifier for assistance. They may have access to resources and equipment (such as a GPS unit) unavailable to you. Have them review the information recorded on your field nomination form. Record the name, qualifications and personal contact information of the verifier. Let the verifier know that their personal contact information will be kept confidential. If there are additional verifiers present, record their names. Ask the verifier(s) if they wish to remain anonymous and not have their name(s) revealed.

5. Tree, site and access notes

Tree and site notes

It is helpful if you submit a written description of the tree and site it is growing on. Describe of any notable physical characteristics of the tree, such as a fire scar, insect or other damage, a pronounced lean, forked top, dead top, tree health or evidence of wildlife use such as nesting birds, etc. that are of interest and will help others identify the tree. Let us know if the tree has interesting story or is of cultural significance.

Access notes

When you provide written "access notes", please start your driving instructions from the nearest town. Where appropriate, provide detailed hiking instructions including trail name, condition, approximate distance etc. If it is helpful or necessary, consider drawing or scanning a map that can be used to locate the tree (jpg, png, gif). If a tree is located in a sensitive area or on land with access restrictions, the access notes you provide us will not be publicly displayed. The need to withhold information can be indicated in the tree ownership section of the Nomination Form.

6. Digital image submissions

We encourage you take photographs of the tree. Take at least one photo in the portrait orientation. In separate photos, try to capture the tree in profile, the base of the tree, with and without a scale reference (e.g. a person), the tree canopy, any noteworthy features, and the ecosystem or forest. Include a photo of a person measuring trunk circumference showing the place and circumference measurement height. A file size greater than 2MB is unnecessary.

For each photo include: photographer/image owner's first and last name, email address (kept confidential), photo date and a photo description (optional).

Before submitting a photograph you must obtained permission from the image owner and consent from all people captured in the photograph. By uploading an image to the Registry you are acknowledging and agreeing to the following terms and copyright notice:

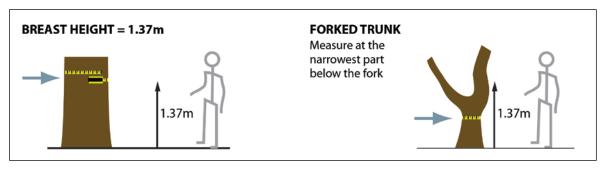
- 1. The image copyright remains with the photographer/owner of the image.
- 2. The BC BigTree Registry is allowed to use and display the image in the BC BigTree Registry, on the BC BigTree Website, and in their publications.
- 3. You understand that the personal information you provide is being collected pursuant to section 26 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 165. The image owner's or copyright holder's name will be publicly displayed in connection with the appearance of this image. The image owner's or copyright holder' name and the image could be stored, accessed or disclosed outside of Canada. This situation would apply if social media is used to promote or advertise the BC BigTree Registry and its activities. For example, the image and the image owner's or copyright holder's name could appear on a Facebook page or a Twitter account or feed showcasing the trees in the BC BigTree Registry.
- 4. If you are the not the image owner or copyright holder it is your responsibility to obtain their permission to upload the image for use on the BC BigTree Registry and BC BigTree Website. You must also obtain their consent to having their name and the image being stored, accessed or disclosed outside of Canada.
- 5. If the photo includes anyone else, you hereby certify that you have obtained the permission of that person to appear in the photo, and for you to post the photo on-line generally, or in the BC BigTree Registry and BC BigTree Website, in particular.
- 6. The BC BigTree Registry and BC BigTree Website can not control or block the theft or download of an image displayed on a public access website.

Measurement guidelines

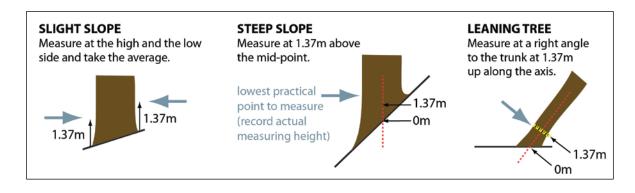
The measurement guidelines described here follow those set by American Forests, which are used in their National Big Tree Program and in most of the state-wide programs in the USA (see our "Links" page on the BC BigTree Website).

Circumference

- 1. Circumference is measured at breast height (1.37 m or 4.5 feet above ground level or the germination point). If a burl or obstruction makes this location unrepresentative, measure at the most suitable point and make note of the actual measurement height. If your measuring tape is too stiff or too short, you can use a string or rope, but make sure it is made of non-stretch material.
- 2. If the tree forks at or below 1.37 m, record circumference at the narrowest place below the lowest fork. Make note of the actual measurement height. If this puts the measurement location on the ground, the trees should be considered separate individuals.



- 3. If the tree is on a slope, measure circumference at 1.37m up the trunk on both the high and the low side of the slope. Record the average of these two measurements. If the tree is on a steep slope, take one measurement. This measurement should be taken at 1.37m up from the midpoint of the trunk (the estimated germination point of the tree). If the slope is extreme, you may need to measure circumference higher up. Always make note of the measurement height.
- 4. If the tree is leaning, circumference measurements should be taken at 1.37m up from the axis of the tree base, following the lean of the trunk. Circumference is measured at a right angle to the trunk, otherwise circumference will be overestimated.



Height

Equipment needed

You only need three pieces of equipment to properly measure a tree: a measuring tape, an inclinometer to measure angles and a calculator (with cosine and tangent functions). If purchasing an inclinometer (Abney level, clinometer, etc.) is beyond your budget, or you can't borrow one, there are mobile phone apps that allow you to use a smartphone as an inclinometer. Here are two possible options: Smart Measure and iHandy Carpenter. See Gabriel Hemery's helpful instructions on using iHandy Carpenter to measure tree height.





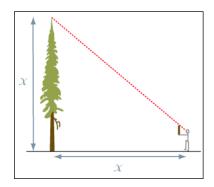
Photo source: http://gabrielhemery.com

Today, foresters use a Hypsometer – an all in one tool that measures distance, angles and even calculates height for you. This tool hastens the measurement process, but it is not necessary.

For fun!

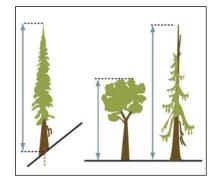
The stick method - how they built the pyramids!

This old but simple method only works on level ground. It just requires a stick and a distance measuring tape. The stick must be the same length as your arm or grasped at a point where the length of the stick above your hand equals that of your arm. The stick is held pointing straight up, at 90 degrees to your outstretched, straight arm. Carefully walk backwards until the top of the tree lines up with the top of your stick. Mark where your feet are. The distance between your feet and the tree is roughly equivalent to the height of the tree. You might find it interesting to compare your results using this simple method with the standard methods described below.



How to measure height

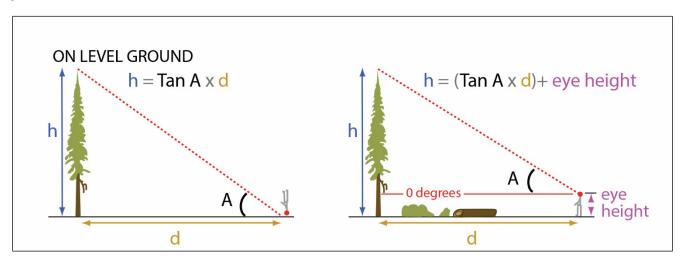
Height is the hardest measurement to take accurately, especially for larger trees. Measurements become more reliable the greater the distance you are from the tree (the distance you are away from the tree must be greater than the total tree height). In dense forests it can be challenging to get a clear view of the tree top. The slope of the ground can also make measurement difficult. Trees that are leaning significantly should be measured with the lean to the right or left, not with the lean toward or away from you. In challenging forest situations we recommend making more than one attempt to measure height. If possible try and re-measure from a different view point, and always double check your measurements.



The math used in height calculations

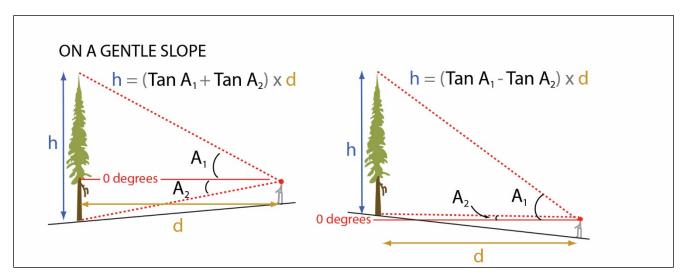
Working on level ground

Calculating tree height requires the use of basic trigonometry: h = Tan A x d, where h is the tree height, d is the distance from tree, and A is the angle to the top of the tree. Since your measurements will be made at eye level, you need to know your eye height (height of your eye above the ground). The equation then becomes h = Tan A x d + eye height.



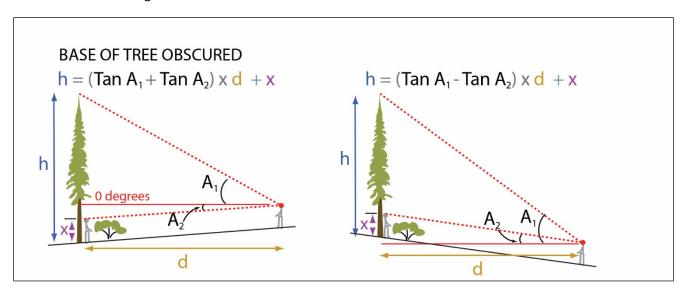
Working on moderately sloped terrain

If the only option available to you is to stand either up or down slope of the tree, and the gradient is such that the base of the tree is above or below eye level, additional angles need to be measured. In addition to tree top angle, you need to measure the angle to the tree base. These angles are either subtracted or added depending on whether you are above (added) or below (subtracted) the tree.



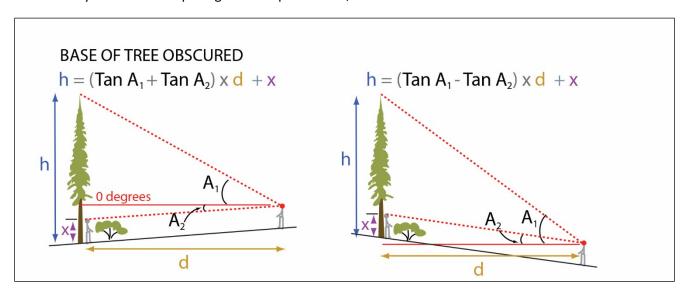
Tree base is obscured or hidden from view

Often obstacles such as shrubs, rocks, or fallen trees can obscure the tree base from view. In this case, you will need to measure the angle to a mark on the trunk that is a known height from the ground. One method, shown in the illustration below, is to have someone stand at the base of the tree and measure the angle to the top of their head (height x). If you can't see them through the tall bushes, try having them hold a flag or bright coloured stick above their head at a known height.



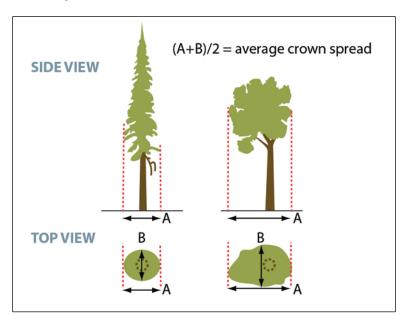
Working on steep terrain

On very steep terrain it is almost impossible to accurately determine your horizontal distance from the tree. In situations where the ground is sloped (up or down) more than 6 degrees (10% slope) you will need to measure slope distance. Once you measure slope angle and slope distance, horizontal distance can be calculated.



Crown spread

Many trees have an irregular shaped crown. To account for this, crown spread is measured from branchtip to branchtip in two directions and then averaged. The first measure is taken where the crown is the widest. The second is taken at 90 degrees to the first, again where the crown is widest.



Measurement verification

Approval to display your nomination in the BC BigTree Registry hinges on whether your measurements are verified. Measurement verification can be done by a B.C. Registered Professional Forester, Registered Professional Biologist, Forestry Technician, Timber Cruiser, Registered Land Surveyor, or a person experienced at measuring trees. You can find these individuals at a local office for: (a) Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resources Operations; (b) Timber industry; (c) Ministry of Environment; or (d) universities or colleges. If you need further help in locating someone to measure your tree, contact the Association of B.C. Professional Foresters at (604) 687-8027. You will be asked to provide the name and contact information of the verifier. All personal contact information will be kept confidential, and verifiers can even request to remain anonymous. If you can not arrange to have a qualified individual accompany you, submit your measurements of circumference, and we will try and arrange to have a registered verifier visit the tree.

Re-measuring a tree already in the Registry

Many of the trees in the Registry have not been re-measured or re-visited in over 10 years. A lot can happen in 10 years, so we ask that you collect the same information as you would for a new nomination. Bring a qualified individual along with you to verify the measurements.

Printable field nomination form

*Required fields; Information in the grey shaded areas is not publicly displayed in the Registry.

Principal Nominator:	Note: record co-nominators first and last name
Common/ scientific name *:	Co-nom 1:
Tree nickname:	Co-nom 2:
Do the nominators wish to remain anonymous? yes no	Co-nom 3:
Note: use decimal degrees, e.g. 51.123456 N, -127.123456 W	Location:
Latitude* (N):	
Longitude* (W): Datum:	Nearest town:
Elevation: units	
Land Ownership Land ownership name/details/specifics	Private land or land with access restrictions
□ Federal land :	Was the landowner contacted about the release of the exact location? yes no
□ Provincial land :	Does the landowner want the exact location withheld from the public? yes no
□ Tree Farm License, Lic. #:	
□ Woodlot License, Lic. #:	Is public access restricted? yes no
□ Parks and Reserves:	
□ Municipal/city land, details:	Land/tree owner, manager, administrator, license or tenure holder contact information.
□ Watershed:	Name:
□ Private land	
□ Institution or corporation:	Address:
□ First Nations Reserve:	
□ Other, details:	Phone:
□ Unknown	Email:

Notes on land ownership:	
Verifier Information	Measurement
Name:	Date of measurement:
Qualifications/ job title:	Total height :
Address:	Total height:
	Circumference *:
Phone:	Circ. measurement height*:
Email:	Crown spread (average):
Names of co-verifiers if present	Measurement notes:
Co-ver 1:	
Co-ver 2:	
Co-ver 3:	
Do the verifiers wish to remain anonymous? yes no	
Remarks on tree condition and health, tree characteristics and nota use etc) and the surrounding ecosystem and site conditions (slope,	ble features (burls, forked stems, broken tops, wildlife aspect):

written access notes and instructions (driving and niking) to locate the tree. Start from the nearest town.						
Not	ice and Consent:					
The	e personal information (name, address, email etc.) that yo	ou provide about the Landowner, or Verifier is being collected to document record				
	ed trees and may be used by us to contact them regardin senting to its use in this manner.	g the big tree information and related matters. In providing this information, you are				
COI	senting to its use in this manner.					
Dic	gital image submissions					
,	,					
1.	File name:	Photographer:				
١.						
	Date taken:	Photographer email:				
	Description:					
2	File name:	Photographer:				
۷.	Date taken:	Photographer email:				
		Photographer email.				
	Description:					
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ა.		Photographer:				
	Date taken:	Photographer email:				
	Description:					
4.	File name:	Photographer:				
	Date taken:	Photographer email:				
	Description:					
5.	File name:	Photographer:				
	Date taken:	Photographer email:				
	Description:					
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	ice and Consent:	and the Dhate week as is being collected to decrease the decrease in the decrease the decrease in the decrease the decreas				
The personal contact information (email) that you provide about the Photographer is being collected to document record sized trees and may be used by us to contact them. In providing this information, you are consenting to its use in this manner. If you have any question about the						
	collection or use of this information, you may contact Sally Aitken (sally.aitken@ubc.ca)					